QUEENSLAND BUDGET 2022-23

SERVICE DELIVERY **STATEMENTS**

Department of Education



2022-23 Queensland Budget Papers

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The budget papers are available online at budget.qld.gov.au

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Service Delivery Statements

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Department of Education

Portfolio overview

Minister for Education, Minister for Industrial Relations and Minister for Racing

The Honourable Grace Grace MP

Assistant Minister for Education Brittany Lauga MP

Department of Education

Director-General: Michael De'Ath

The Minister for Education, Minister for Industrial Relations and Minister for Racing is also responsible for:

Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority

Chief Executive Officer: Chris Rider

Additional information about these agencies can be sourced from:

www.qed.qld.gov.au

www.worksafe.qld.gov.au

www.qcaa.qld.edu.au

Department of Education

Overview

The Department of Education's (the department) vision is for a great future for every Queenslander.

The department's purpose is to give all children a great start, engage young people in learning, create safe and inclusive workplaces and invest in communities for a stronger Queensland.

The department supports the government's objectives for the community:

- · More Jobs in More Industries: Good, secure jobs in our traditional and emerging industries
- · Protecting Our Queensland Lifestyle: Protect and enhance our Queensland lifestyle as we grow
- Better Services: Delivering even better services right across Queensland.

The service areas within the department align with the following department objectives:

Department's service areas	Department's objectives
Early Childhood Education and Care	A great start for all children
Queensland children engaged in quality early years programs that support learning and development and strengthen successful transitions to school	Building Queensland communities
School Education	Every student succeeding
Queensland students engaged in learning, achieving and successfully transitioning to further education, training and work	Building Queensland communities
Industrial Relations	Fair and safe workplaces and communities
To improve the wellbeing of all Queenslanders by making Queensland safer and supporting fair and productive workplaces	
Racing	A sustainable racing industry in Queensland
Administer the <i>Racing Act 2002</i> and manage programs that support a viable, prosperous racing industry in Queensland	

Department highlights

In 2022-23, the department will:

- continue to employ additional wellbeing professionals, and support 50 state schools to provide free general
 practitioner services to secondary students at school over 3 years from 2021–22 through the \$106.7 million Student
 Wellbeing Package
- build on the progress made through the Youth Engagement Strategy by investing \$45.5 million over 4 years from 2022–23 for a range of initiatives to re-engage children and young people who have disconnected from study or work
- continue to invest in delivering world-class educational facilities under the \$3 billion Building Future Schools program with new schools to open each year from 2023 to 2026
- continue the delivery of additional and renewed infrastructure in Queensland's state schools
- · improve internet access for school staff and students by boosting bandwidth at all Queensland state schools
- continue its commitment to employ more than 6,100 new teachers and 1,100 new teacher aides over 4 years through Great Teachers, Great Future from 2021
- support 300 aspiring teachers though the Turn to Teaching Internship by providing financial support, mentoring and paid internship employment to complete their teaching qualification and take up a guaranteed permanent teaching position, with the first cohort commencing their teacher duties in 2023 in a Queensland state school
- continue to support the health and wellbeing of workers suffering from occupational dust lung disease by providing up to \$5 million over 4 years from 2020–21 for medical research into treatment
- continue to deliver its commitment to boost the Country Racing Program by \$35.2 million over 2 years from 2021–22 to support country racing clubs and regional communities across Queensland
- continue to support the Queensland racing industry through point of consumption tax revenue to Racing Queensland.

Budget highlights

In the 2022–23 Queensland Budget, the government is providing:

- increased funding of \$263 million over 4 years from 2022–23 and \$77 million per year ongoing to support kindergarten funding reform to reduce out-of-pocket expenses for families, increase disability funding and implement educational need funding for children in Queensland attending a kindergarten
- \$80.6 million over 3 years from 2022–23 to support schools transition to a new resourcing model for students with disability
- \$100 million over 4 years to enhance and build new high-performance sports infrastructure in schools, for student and community use, ahead of the Brisbane 2032 Olympic and Paralympic Games
- \$15.5 million over 3 years to support the development of respectful relationships education materials and provide
 professional development and support to schools to embed the respectful relationships education program, forming
 part of the government's total funding package of \$363 million over 5 years to respond to the first report of the
 Queensland Women's Safety and Justice Taskforce, Hear her voice Report one Addressing coercive control and
 domestic and family violence in Queensland
- \$13.3 million in 2022–23 to expand the Share the Dignity in Queensland Schools initiative to fund the installation of Dignity Vending Machines in all state schools, outdoor education centres and student residential facilities.

Further information about new policy decisions can be found in Budget Paper No. 4: Budget Measures.

Performance statement

Early Childhood Education and Care

Objective

Queensland children engaged in quality early years programs that support learning and development and strengthen successful transitions to school.

Description

Providing children with access to quality early childhood education and care, and strengthening children's transition to school. Services include the establishment, funding and monitoring of kindergarten and integrated early years services, and regulation (including assessment and rating) of education and care services.

Service standards	2021–22 Target/Est.	2021–22 Est. Actual	2022–23 Target/Est.
Effectiveness measures			
Proportion of Queensland children enrolled in an early childhood education program ¹	95%	98.0%	95%
Proportion of enrolments in an early childhood education program:			
Indigenous Children ^{1, 2}	95%	105.5%	95%
 Children who reside in disadvantaged areas^{1, 3} 	95%	80.2%	95%
Proportion of children developmentally on track on 4 or more (of 5) Australian Early Development Census (AEDC) domains ⁴	66%	67.1%	
Efficiency measure			
Government expenditure per child – kindergarten ⁵	\$3,200	\$3,172	\$4,135

Notes:

- 1. The 2021–22 and 2022–23 Target/Estimates represent the benchmarks set for kindergarten performance under national agreement.
- 2. Results over 100 per cent are possible as the nationally agreed measure is the number of children enrolled (aged 4 or 5) divided by the estimated resident population of 4 year old children.
- 3. The variance between the 2021–22 Target/Estimate and the 2021–22 Estimated Actual reflects the uptake by families in disadvantaged areas
- 4. The 2022–23 Target/Estimate has not been included as the AEDC is conducted every 3 years with the next census to be conducted in 2024. Results are expected to be made available in early 2025.
- 5. The 2021–22 Estimated Actual is based on the most recent data published in the 2022 Report on Government Services which uses the previous financial year's expenditure data. The increase between the 2021–22 Target/Estimate and the 2022–23 Target/Estimate reflects the Queensland Government's additional investment to support kindergarten reform from 2023.

School Education

Objective

Queensland students engaged in learning, achieving and successfully transitioning to further education, training and work.

Description

Delivering Prep to Year 12 in Queensland state schools to prepare young people for successful transitions into further education, training and work and administering funding to Queensland non-state schools.

Service standards	2021–22	2021–22	2022–23
Service Standards	Target/Est.	Est. Actual	Target/Est.
Effectiveness measures			
Year 3 Test - Proportion of students at or above the National Minimum Standard ¹			
All students:			
Reading	0=0/		0=0/
Writing	95%	94.1%	95%
Numeracy	96% 96%	94.3% 93.9%	96% 96%
Indigenous students:	90 /0	93.9%	90 /0
Reading	87%	83.7%	87%
Writing	90%	84.7%	90%
Numeracy	88%	81.6%	88%
Year 5 Test - Proportion of students at or above the National Minimum Standard ¹			
All students:			
Reading			
Writing	95%	92.6%	95%
Numeracy	90%	88.0%	90% 95%
Indigenous students:	95%	92.7%	9576
Reading	88%	78.4%	88%
Writing	77%	72.0%	77%
Numeracy	86%	76.8%	86%
Year 7 Test - Proportion of students at or above the National Minimum Standard ¹			
All students:			
Reading			
Writing	95%	90.5%	95%
Numeracy	92%	83.4%	92%
Indigenous students:	96%	89.5%	96%
Reading	88%	77.3%	88%
Writing	78%	64.8%	78%
Numeracy	91%	72.0%	91%

Service standards	2021–22 Target/Est.	2021–22 Est. Actual	2022–23 Target/Est.
Year 9 Test - Proportion of students at or above the National Minimum Standard ¹			
All students:			
Reading	90%	82.9%	90%
Writing	86%	72.0%	86%
Numeracy	96%	91.0%	96%
Indigenous students:			
Reading	78%	65.7%	78%
 Writing 	69%	49.4%	69%
Numeracy	91%	79.1%	91%
Proportion of Year 12 students awarded Certification i.e. Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE) or Queensland Certificate of Individual Achievement ²	98%	97.4%	98%
Proportion of Year 12 students who are completing or have completed a school-based apprenticeship or traineeship or were awarded one or more of: QCE, International Baccalaureate Diploma (IBD) or Vocational Education and Training qualification ²	98%	97.4%	98%
Proportion of students who, 6 months after completing Year 12, are participating in education, training or employment	88%	86.8%	88%
Proportion of parents satisfied with their child's school	94%	91.8%	94%
Efficiency measure			
Average cost of service per student:			
 Primary (Prep – Year 6) 	\$16,113	\$16,159	\$17,188
 Secondary (Year 7 – Year 12) 	\$16,045	\$16,854	\$17,999
Students with disability ³	New measure	New measure	\$19,070
Discontinued measure			
Average cost of service per student:			Discontinued
Students with disability ⁴	\$31,994	\$31,999	measure

Notes:

- 1. NAPLAN National Minimum Standard targets represent the aspirational goals for achievement against these measures and should be read in conjunction with other NAPLAN data, which show a broad improvement trajectory since testing commenced.
- 2. The 2021–22 Estimated Actual reflects data for 2021 graduates provided by the Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority as at February 2022.
- 3. The new measure for the "Average cost of service per student: Students with Disability" uses data collected via the Nationally Consistent Collection of Data on School Students with Disability and resources a greater number of students than the previous methodology.
- 4. This measure has been discontinued as the Department of Education transitions from its allocation methodology using data collected through the Education Adjustment Program. The measure has been replaced with a new measure with the same title.

Industrial Relations

Objective

To improve the wellbeing of all Queenslanders by making Queensland safer and supporting fair and productive workplaces.

Description

This service area contributes to a fair, safe and productive Queensland through a range of activities, including:

- managing Queensland's industrial relations framework; public sector bargaining; and Queensland's participation in the national workplace relations system
- delivering work health and safety and electrical safety services
- providing advice and standards to keep Queenslanders safe at work
- delivering workers' compensation services
- providing labour hire licensing regulation.

Service standards	2021–22 Target/Est.	2021–22 Est. Actual	2022–23 Target/Est.
Service: Industrial Relations	1 904		10904_0
Effectiveness measures			
Overall client satisfaction with inspectorate's effectiveness and professionalism	90%	92%	90%
Overall client satisfaction with the services and advice provided on public sector industrial relations	90%	96%	90%
Efficiency measures	1		1
Cost of industrial relations services per Queensland worker	\$3.22	\$3.26	\$3.46
Cost of public sector industrial and employee relations per Queensland public sector worker ¹	\$6.70	\$6.82	\$7.08
Service: Work health and safety services			
Effectiveness measure			
Overall client satisfaction with inspectorate's effectiveness and professionalism	90%	91%	90%
Efficiency measure			
Cost of Workplace Health and Safety Queensland services per Queensland worker ¹	\$36.34	\$32.27	\$36.00
Service: Electrical safety services			
Effectiveness measures			
Reduction in the number of reported serious electrical incidents over the year on a 5-year rolling average	5%	4%	5%
Overall client satisfaction with inspectorate's effectiveness and professionalism ²	90%		90%
Efficiency measure			I
Cost of electrical safety services per person in Queensland ³	\$4.38	\$4.49	\$4.63

Service standards	2021–22 Target/Est.	2021–22 Est. Actual	2022–23 Target/Est.
Service: Administration of the Industrial Court and Commission sy			
Effectiveness measure			
Clearance rate of pending caseload ⁴	90%	83%	90%
Efficiency measure			
Average cost of finalisation of a case in the Queensland Industrial Relations Commission and Industrial Court of Queensland ⁵	\$4,200	\$3,450	\$4,200
Service: Workers compensation services	Service: Workers compensation services		
Effectiveness measure			
Workers' compensation disputation rate	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%
Efficiency measure			
Cost of Workers' Compensation Regulator service per Queensland worker	\$20.43	\$19.96	\$20.71

Notes:

- The variance between the 2021–22 Target/Estimate and the 2021–22 Estimated Actual is due to stronger than originally forecast employment growth.
- 2. The 2021–22 Estimated Actual for overall client satisfaction with inspectorate's effectiveness and professionalism cannot be presented. The survey had a very low response rate following the continued impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. Therefore, the result would not be representative of the Queensland population.
- 3. The variance between the 2021–22 Target/Estimate and 2021–22 Estimated Actual is due to lower than originally estimated resident population and higher than originally estimated Electrical Safety Office funding. The increase between the 2021–22 Target/Estimate and the 2022–23 Target/Estimate is due to increased funding for 2022–23.
- 4. The variance between the 2021–22 Target/Estimate and the 2021–22 Estimated Actual is due to the large increase in the number of matters filed.
- 5. The variance between the 2021–22 Target/Estimate and the 2021–22 Estimated Actual is due to the increase in the number of matters finalised during 2021–22.

Racing

Objective

Administer the Racing Act 2002 and manage programs that support a viable, prosperous racing industry in Queensland.

Description

The service area:

- provides policy advice to government on the administration of the *Racing Act 2002* and matters relevant to the commercial operation and sustainability of the racing industry
- administers programs related to the provision of Queensland Government funding to the racing industry.

Service standards	2021–22 Target/Est.	2021–22 Est. Actual	2022–23 Target/Est.
Effectiveness measure			
Percentage of country race meetings in the approved schedule that are conducted ¹	90%	90%	95%
Efficiency measure	•		
Average cost per hour of policy advice and support ²	\$81.18	\$84.47	\$87.97

Notes:

- 1. The increase in the 2022–23 Target/Estimate reflects a return to the established pre-COVID-19 Target/Estimate.
- The variance between the 2021–22 Target/Estimate and 2021–22 Estimated Actual reflects changes in the pay classification level of the staff involved in the provision of policy advice and support for the Racing function. The further increase between the 2021–22 Target/Estimate and 2022–23 Target/Estimate reflects enterprise bargaining increases.

Departmental budget summary

The table below shows the total resources available in 2022–23 from all sources and summarises how resources will be applied by service area and by controlled and administered classifications.

Department of Education	2021–22 Budget \$'000	2021–22 Est. Actual \$'000	2022–23 Budget \$'000
CONTROLLED			
Income			
Appropriation revenue ¹	10,365,369	10,460,158	11,131,218
Other revenue	644,307	659,418	660,956
Total income	11,009,676	11,119,576	11,792,174
Expenses			
Early Childhood Education and Care	292,625	318,085	361,612
School Education	10,495,425	10,583,266	11,192,313
Office of Industrial Relations	182,005	184,047	192,978
Racing	39,621	34,178	45,271
Total expenses	11,009,676	11,119,576	11,792,174
Operating surplus/deficit			
Net assets	23,727,000	24,565,966	26,016,042
ADMINISTERED		,	
Revenue			
Commonwealth revenue	3,471,950	3,626,803	3,817,729
Appropriation revenue	4,620,329	4,806,511	5,022,901
Other administered revenue	57,659	62,295	64,940
Total revenue	8,149,938	8,495,609	8,905,570
Expenses			
Transfers to government	3,529,588	3,689,077	3,882,648
Administered expenses	4,620,350	4,806,532	5,022,922
Total expenses	8,149,938	8,495,609	8,905,570
Net assets	212	212	212

Note:

^{1.} Includes State and Commonwealth funding.

Staffing

The table below shows the Full Time Equivalents (FTEs) as at 30 June in the respective years.

Service area	2021–22 Budget	2021–22 Est. Actual	2022–23 Budget
Early Childhood Education and Care	319	319	319
School Education ¹	74,499	74,469	75,567
Racing	3	3	3
Office of Industrial Relations	885	885	885
Total FTEs ^{2, 3}	75,706	75,676	76,774

Notes:

- 1. The increase in the 2022–23 Budget relates largely to additional school-based staff associated with election commitments and staffing to transition to the new students with disability state schools resourcing model.
- 2. FTEs include staff funded from all sources including State and Commonwealth funding, along with school purchases.
- The department is also hosting up to 12 FTEs to support Queensland's delivery of services on Norfolk Island and the implementation of the Intergovernmental Partnership Agreement on State Service Delivery to Norfolk Island. These FTEs are fully funded by the Australian Government.

Capital program

The 2022–23 capital purchases of \$1.457 billion includes \$1.371 billion for the construction and refurbishment of school educational facilities and early childhood education and care services. Capital works planning targets government priorities through consideration of population growth and shifts, changes in educational needs and addressing high-priority needs for student and staff health and safety. Capital purchases highlights in 2022–23 include:

- \$521.7 million for the Building Future Schools Program to deliver world class learning environments for students; including \$117.5 million for new schools opening in 2023, \$253.8 million for new schools opening in 2024 and \$7.5 million for new schools opening in 2025 and 2026
- \$327.1 million for the provision of additional facilities at existing state schools experiencing faster enrolment growth
- \$263.8 million for critical infrastructure upgrades to replace and enhance facilities at existing schools; including \$194.6 million for the Facilities Renewal, Special School Renewal, Contemporary Learning Environments and Discrete Indigenous Community Renewal programs
- \$109.3 million as part of the School Halls program and \$22.1 million as part of the Shovel Ready program under the Great Schools, Great Future election commitment to boost education infrastructure investment across Queensland
- \$23.6 million to link industry and local high schools to provide students with pathways into rewarding careers and confidently transition into the world of work under the Local Schools, Local Jobs election commitment.

The table below shows the capital purchases by the agency in the respective years.

	2021–22 Budget \$'000	2021–22 Est. Actual \$'000	2022–23 Budget \$'000
Capital purchases	1,446,629	1,263,124	1,457,070
Capital grants	140,838	136,979	149,832
Total capital outlays	1,587,467	1,400,103	1,606,902

Further information about the Department of Education capital outlays can be found in *Budget Paper No. 3: Capital Statement*. There may be variations between the capital program figure quoted across papers as payments across Queensland government agencies are excluded from *Budget Paper No. 3: Capital Statement* and may be included in the figure quoted above.

Administered items

Administered activities are those undertaken by departments on behalf of the government.

The Department of Education administers funds on behalf of the state for non-state schools, community organisations and individuals, as well as Australian Government funding for non-state schools.

Administered Items Statement

Department of Education ¹	2021–22 Budget \$'000	2021–22 Est. Actual \$'000	2022–23 Budget \$'000	
STATE FUNDING				
Assistance to non-state sector				
Assistance to non-state schools				
Recurrent funding for non-state schools				
General recurrent grants	783,445	812,377	822,192	
Grammar school endowments	164	164	164	
School Transport	6,332	6,531	7,096	
Total recurrent funding for non-state schools	789,941	819,072	829,452	
Capital assistance for non-state schools				
Capital assistance	50,702	52,130	53,725	
External Infrastructure	5,906	6,062	6,235	
Non-state Capital Grants Other	60,000	60,000	60,000	
Total capital assistance for non-state schools	116,608	118,192	119,960	
Total assistance for non-state schools	906,549	937,264	949,412	
Assistance to other non-state sector				
Student Hostels				
Recurrent	181	196	203	
Capital	100	100	100	
Total Student Hostels	281	296	303	
Textbook and resource allowances - non-state schools	26,873	28,503	30,717	
Weekend and vacation travel	44	44	44	
Community Organisations	4,204	4,337	4,412	
Non-State Schools Accreditation Board ²	54	54	1,195	
Total Assistance to other non-state sector	31,456	33,234	36,671	
Total Assistance to non-state sector	938,005	970,498	986,083	
Other				
Textbook and resource allowance - state schools	44,088	44,130	45,696	
Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority	82,480	82,697	84,463	

Department of Education ¹	2021–22 Budget \$'000	2021–22 Est. Actual \$'000	2022–23 Budget \$'000
Other	100	100	100
Total State Funding	1,064,673	1,097,425	1,116,342
Australian Government assistance to non-state education	3,471,950	3,626,803	3,817,729
TOTAL SCHOOL EDUCATION ADMINISTERED ITEMS	4,536,623	4,724,228	4,934,071
Racing - Administered	83,706	82,283	88,830
Office of Industrial Relations - Administered			
TOTAL ADMINISTERED DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	4,620,329	4,806,511	5,022,901

Notes:

- 1. Table excludes administered revenue collected by the Office of Industrial Relations and transfers of administered revenue to government.
- Increase from the 2021–22 Budget and 2021–22 Estimated Actual to the 2022–23 Budget reflects additional government funding to support the operations of the Non-State Schools Accreditation Board and a reclassification of expenditure for the Non-State Schools Accreditation Board from controlled to administered.

Budgeted financial statements

Departmental income statement

Controlled income statement

Total controlled expenses are estimated to be \$11.792 billion in 2022–23, an increase of \$672.6 million from the 2021–22 Estimated Actual. The increase mainly reflects provision for enterprise bargaining outcomes, higher depreciation expenditure, additional expenditure associated with a range of school education related initiatives including election commitments, and increased expenditure to support kindergartens. The increase also reflects expenditure associated with additional funding under the National School Reform Agreement and associated Bilateral Agreement.

Major changes to revenue between the 2021–22 Estimated Actual and 2022–23 Budget reflect increased appropriations for enterprise bargaining provisions, increased depreciation funding, additional funding for a range of school education related initiatives including election commitments, funding to support kindergartens, and additional funding under the National School Reform Agreement and associated Bilateral Agreement.

Administered income statement

Major changes in administered expenses and revenue relate to increased funding for non-state schools under the National School Reform Agreement and associated Bilateral Agreement, in particular, funding from the Australian Government.

Departmental balance sheet

The department's major assets are mainly in land and buildings (estimated at \$25.750 billion in 2022–23) and intangibles (\$36.4 million). The department's main liabilities relate to point in time estimates of payables (including accrued employee benefits) and borrowings.

Controlled income statement

Department of Education	2021–22 Budget \$'000	2021–22 Est. Actual \$'000	2022–23 Budget \$'000
INCOME			
Appropriation revenue	10,365,369	10,460,158	11,131,218
Taxes			
User charges and fees	431,859	395,255	430,338
Royalties and land rents			
Grants and other contributions	184,074	196,117	202,639
Interest and distributions from managed funds	10,375	10,112	10,107
Other revenue	17,999	57,934	17,872
Gains on sale/revaluation of assets			
Total income	11,009,676	11,119,576	11,792,174
EXPENSES			
Employee expenses	8,193,581	8,195,357	8,584,507
Supplies and services	1,755,724	1,778,886	1,994,267
Grants and subsidies	385,046	401,285	448,677
Depreciation and amortisation	614,276	686,365	701,547
Finance/borrowing costs	26,157	19,373	25,016
Other expenses	34,164	37,582	37,432
Losses on sale/revaluation of assets	728	728	728
Total expenses	11,009,676	11,119,576	11,792,174
OPERATING SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)			

Controlled balance sheet

Department of Education	2021–22 Budget \$'000	2021–22 Est. Actual \$'000	2022–23 Budget \$'000
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash assets	944,439	1,038,057	1,059,114
Receivables	99,732	102,045	102,088
Other financial assets			
Inventories	3,093	2,116	2,116
Other	67,992	65,073	35,643
Non-financial assets held for sale			
Total current assets	1,115,256	1,207,291	1,198,961
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Receivables			
Other financial assets			
Property, plant and equipment	23,543,385	24,302,241	25,749,907
Intangibles	34,499	32,416	36,418
Other			
Total non-current assets	23,577,884	24,334,657	25,786,325
TOTAL ASSETS	24,693,140	25,541,948	26,985,286
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Payables	327,286	394,860	394,860
Accrued employee benefits	175,903	118,651	121,304
Interest bearing liabilities and derivatives	9,488	9,593	10,299
Provisions			
Other	83,188	82,458	82,458
Total current liabilities	595,865	605,562	608,921
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Payables			
Accrued employee benefits			
Interest bearing liabilities and derivatives	370,047	370,192	360,095
Provisions	228	228	228
Other			
Total non-current liabilities	370,275	370,420	360,323
TOTAL LIABILITIES	966,140	975,982	969,244
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)	23,727,000	24,565,966	26,016,042
EQUITY			
TOTAL EQUITY	23,727,000	24,565,966	26,016,042

Controlled cash flow statement

Department of Education	2021–22 Budget \$'000	2021–22 Est. Actual \$'000	2022–23 Budget \$'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Inflows:			
Appropriation receipts	10,365,369	10,324,090	11,131,218
User charges and fees	438,014	456,410	438,617
Royalties and land rent receipts			
Grants and other contributions	180,074	192,117	198,639
Interest and distribution from managed funds received	10,375	10,112	10,107
Taxes			
Other	24,801	64,736	24,674
Outflows:			
Employee costs	(8,165,503)	(8,234,863)	(8,552,467)
Supplies and services	(1,754,801)	(1,777,963)	(2,001,711)
Grants and subsidies	(385,046)	(401,285)	(448,677)
Borrowing costs	(26,157)	(19,373)	(25,016)
Other	(39,157)	(42,575)	(42,425)
Net cash provided by or used in operating activities	647,969	571,406	732,959
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Inflows:			
Sales of non-financial assets			
Investments redeemed			
Loans and advances redeemed			
Outflows:			
Payments for non-financial assets	(1,446,629)	(1,263,124)	(1,457,070)
Payments for investments			
Loans and advances made			
Net cash provided by or used in investing activities	(1,446,629)	(1,263,124)	(1,457,070)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Inflows:			
Borrowings			
Equity injections	850,752	495,879	754,559
Outflows:	·	·	
Borrowing redemptions	(8,374)	(8,374)	(9,108)
Finance lease payments	(380)	(380)	(283)
Equity withdrawals		`'	`
Net cash provided by or used in financing activities	841,998	487,125	745,168
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held	43,338	(204,593)	21,057
Cash at the beginning of financial year	901,101	1,242,650	1,038,057
Cash transfers from restructure		-,= ·=,····	.,
Cash at the end of financial year	944,439	1,038,057	1,059,114

Administered income statement

Department of Education	2021–22 Budget \$'000	2021–22 Est. Actual \$'000	2022–23 Budget \$'000
INCOME			
Appropriation revenue	4,620,329	4,806,511	5,022,901
Taxes			
User charges and fees	57,374	61,460	64,105
Royalties and land rents			
Grants and other contributions	3,471,950	3,626,803	3,817,729
Interest and distributions from managed funds			
Other revenue	285	835	835
Gains on sale/revaluation of assets			
Total income	8,149,938	8,495,609	8,905,570
EXPENSES			
Employee expenses			
Supplies and services	3	3	3
Grants and subsidies	4,620,326	4,806,508	5,022,898
Depreciation and amortisation			
Finance/borrowing costs			
Other expenses			
Losses on sale/revaluation of assets	21	21	21
Transfers of Administered Revenue to Government	3,529,588	3,689,077	3,882,648
Total expenses	8,149,938	8,495,609	8,905,570
OPERATING SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)			

Administered balance sheet

Department of Education	2021–22 Budget \$'000	2021–22 Est. Actual \$'000	2022–23 Budget \$'000
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash assets	766	337	337
Receivables	10,577	8,311	8,311
Other financial assets			
Inventories			
Other			
Non-financial assets held for sale			
Total current assets	11,343	8,648	8,648
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Receivables			
Other financial assets			
Property, plant and equipment			
Intangibles			
Other			
Total non-current assets			
TOTAL ASSETS	11,343	8,648	8,648
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Payables			
Transfers to Government payable	11,131	8,436	8,436
Accrued employee benefits			
Interest bearing liabilities and derivatives			
Provisions			
Other			
Total current liabilities	11,131	8,436	8,436
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Payables			
Accrued employee benefits			
Interest bearing liabilities and derivatives			
Provisions			
Other			
Total non-current liabilities			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	11,131	8,436	8,436
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)	212	212	212
EQUITY			
TOTAL EQUITY	212	212	212

Administered cash flow statement

Department of Education	2021–22 Budget \$'000	2021–22 Est. Actual \$'000	2022–23 Budget \$'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Inflows:			
Appropriation receipts	4,620,329	4,851,923	5,022,901
User charges and fees	57,353	61,443	64,084
Royalties and land rent receipts			
Grants and other contributions	3,471,950	3,626,803	3,817,729
Interest and distribution from managed funds received			
Taxes			
Other	285	837	835
Outflows:			
Employee costs			
Supplies and services	(3)	(44)	(3)
Grants and subsidies	(4,620,326)	(4,806,508)	(5,022,898)
Borrowing costs			
Other			
Transfers to Government	(3,529,588)	(3,689,077)	(3,882,648)
Net cash provided by or used in operating activities		45,377	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Inflows:			
Sales of non-financial assets			
Investments redeemed			
Loans and advances redeemed			
Outflows:			
Payments for non-financial assets			
Payments for investments			
Loans and advances made			
Net cash provided by or used in investing activities			
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Inflows:			
Borrowings			
Equity injections			
Outflows:			
Borrowing redemptions			
Finance lease payments			
Equity withdrawals			
Net cash provided by or used in financing activities			
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		45,377	
Cash at the beginning of financial year	766	(45,040)	337
Cash transfers from restructure			
Cash at the end of financial year	766	337	337

Statutory body

Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority

Overview

The Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority's (QCAA) vision is to support Queensland's world-class education system through excellence in curriculum and assessment.

The QCAA's purpose is to provide curriculum and assessment leadership that enables schools to achieve quality learning outcomes for their students, and to maintain public confidence in the integrity of senior certification.

The agency supports the government's objectives for the community:

- More Jobs in More Industries: Good, secure jobs in our traditional and emerging industries
- Protecting Our Queensland Lifestyle: Protect and enhance our Queensland lifestyle as we grow
- Better Services: Delivering even better services right across Queensland.

The service area within the QCAA aligns with the following agency objectives:

Agency's service area	Agency's objectives
Curriculum, assessment and certification To provide curriculum, assessment and certification services that enable schools to achieve quality learning outcomes for their students	Deliver quality curriculum, assessment and certification services Provide educational leadership and support to achieve quality learning outcomes

Key deliverables

In 2022-23, the QCAA will:

- work with schools and schooling sectors to consolidate the recently revised Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE) system
- commission an independent evaluation of the new QCE system to assess its development and implementation, and identify potential improvements
- begin reviewing the suite of senior syllabuses to ensure they reflect best practice in teaching and learning, provide students with the opportunity to develop the 21st century skills, are current and responsive to advances in knowledge and stakeholder needs, and promote diversity and the health and wellness of students
- develop resources to assist schools to prepare for the implementation of the revised the P-10 Australian Curriculum
- continue to provide resources and training to assist educators to provide high quality opportunities and experiences for our very young learners in kindergarten so they are ready for the next stage of their education
- administer the National Assessment Program Literacy and Numeracy in Queensland schools and provide resources and training to ensure students and schools are well prepared for the tests.

Performance statement

Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority

Objective

To provide curriculum, assessment and certification services that enable schools to achieve quality learning outcomes for their students.

Description

The Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority (QCAA) is responsible for kindergarten guideline and senior secondary syllabus development, and for providing resources and services to help teachers develop curriculum, teaching and learning programs from kindergarten to Year 12. It also provides testing, assessment, moderation, certification and vocational education and training services to Queensland's education community.

Service standards	2021-22 Target/Est.	2021–22 Est. Actual	2022–23 Target/Est.
Effectiveness measures			
Overall client satisfaction with syllabuses and support materials developed by the QCAA ^{1, 2}	93%	85%	93%
Quality of certification processes: the percentage of Year 12 students whose Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE) eligibility status changed following a review process ³	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%
Efficiency measures	•	1	1
Average cost per student of developing and issuing the National Assessment Program – Literacy and Numeracy student reports ⁴	\$28	\$36	\$33
Average cost per student of delivering the QCE system ^{5, 6}	\$848	\$615	\$597

Notes:

- 1. The wording of this service standard has changed from the 2021–22 Service Delivery Statements (SDS) to clarify it is measuring 'overall' satisfaction. No changes have been made to the calculation methodology.
- 2. The variance between 2021–22 Target/Estimate and the 2021–22 Estimated Actual can be attributed to the redevelopment of the entire suite of senior syllabuses to support the introduction of the new QCE system from 2019. Schools are still becoming familiar with the new curriculum content and assessment processes while contending with COVID-19 related disruptions to schooling.
- The wording of this service standard has changed from the 2021–22 SDS to clarify what is being measured and better align to the terminology used in the Education (Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority) Act 2014. No changes have been made to the calculation methodology.
- 4. The variance between the 2021–22 Target/Estimate and the 2021–22 Estimated Actual is due to enterprise bargaining agreement increases and the impact of inflation with vendor contracts. This resulted in higher costs (e.g. salaries, printing and freight). These increases have also resulted in an increase to the 2022–23 Target/Estimate.
- 5. The variance between the 2021–22 Target/Estimate and the 2021–22 Estimated Actual is due to the impact of COVID-19 restrictions requiring many of the QCAA's major activities to move online. This has led to significant savings in travel, catering and venue hire.
- 6. The variance between the 2021–22 Target/Estimate and the 2022–23 Target/Estimate is due to the continuation of the QCAA's major activities being delivered online.

Budgeted summary

Staffing

The table below shows the Full Time Equivalents (FTEs) as at 30 June in the respective years.

Service area	2021–22 Budget	2021–22 Est. Actual	2022–23 Budget
Curriculum, assessment and certification	298	298	292
Total FTEs	298	298	292

Financial statements

Income statement

The increase in the operating surplus in both the 2021–22 Estimated Actual and 2022–23 Budget when compared to the 2021–22 Budget can mainly be attributed to savings from moving planned face-to-face activities online. Almost 8,000 casual assessors are trained and employed by QCAA for internal assessment quality assurance processes and external assessment marking. The effect of the COVID-19 pandemic has meant that these activities are now largely online, resulting in significant savings in travel, venue hire and catering.

Balance sheet

The growth in net assets in both the 2021–22 Estimated Actual and 2022–23 Budget is mainly due to an increase in the cash balance resulting from the operating surpluses in the income statement.

Income statement

Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority	2021–22 Budget \$'000	2021–22 Est. Actual \$'000	2022–23 Budget \$'000
INCOME			
Taxes			
User charges and fees	1,710	2,198	1,796
Grants and other contributions	86,303	87,971	88,274
Interest and distributions from managed funds	330	284	386
Other revenue	4	32	14
Gains on sale/revaluation of assets			
Total income	88,347	90,485	90,470
EXPENSES			
Employee expenses	55,606	54,735	52,876
Supplies and services	25,715	20,829	22,492
Grants and subsidies	15	15	
Depreciation and amortisation	3,081	2,964	2,953
Finance/borrowing costs			
Other expenses	105	128	148
Losses on sale/revaluation of assets			
Total expenses	84,522	78,671	78,469
OPERATING SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	3,825	11,814	12,001

Balance sheet

Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority	2021–22 Budget \$'000	2021–22 Est. Actual \$'000	2022–23 Budget \$'000
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash assets	14,746	28,570	43,427
Receivables	1,216	1,392	1,512
Other financial assets			
Inventories			
Other	3,074	1,182	1,144
Non-financial assets held for sale			
Total current assets	19,036	31,144	46,083
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Receivables			
Other financial assets			
Property, plant and equipment	1,220	1,442	1,350
Intangibles	21,971	22,591	19,821
Other		392	392
Total non-current assets	23,191	24,425	21,563
TOTAL ASSETS	42,227	55,569	67,646
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Payables	994	2,708	2,758
Accrued employee benefits	899	939	963
Interest bearing liabilities and derivatives			
Provisions	109	77	79
Other	44	11	11
Total current liabilities	2,046	3,735	3,811
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Payables			
Accrued employee benefits			
Interest bearing liabilities and derivatives			
Provisions			
Other			
Total non-current liabilities			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,046	3,735	3,811
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)	40,181	51,834	63,835
EQUITY			·
TOTAL EQUITY	40,181	51,834	63,835

Cash flow statement

Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority	2021–22 Budget \$'000	2021–22 Est. Actual \$'000	2022–23 Budget \$'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Inflows:			
User charges and fees	1,860	3,233	1,772
Grants and other contributions	86,303	87,971	88,274
Interest and distribution from managed funds received	315	292	371
Taxes			
Other	2,041	2,079	2,087
Outflows:			
Employee costs	(55,605)	(55,222)	(52,726)
Supplies and services	(31,898)	(25,594)	(24,690)
Grants and subsidies	(15)	(15)	
Borrowing costs			
Other	(271)	(75)	(140)
Net cash provided by or used in operating activities	2,730	12,669	14,948
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Inflows:			
Sales of non-financial assets			
Investments redeemed			
Loans and advances redeemed			
Outflows:			
Payments for non-financial assets	(437)	(2,118)	(91)
Payments for investments			
Loans and advances made			
Net cash provided by or used in investing activities	(437)	(2,118)	(91)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Inflows:			
Borrowings			
Equity injections			
Outflows:			
Borrowing redemptions			
Finance lease payments			
Equity withdrawals			
Net cash provided by or used in financing activities			
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held	2,293	10,551	14,857
Cash at the beginning of financial year	12,453	18,019	28,570
Cash transfers from restructure			
Cash at the end of financial year	14,746	28,570	43,427

Glossary of terms

Accrual accounting	Recognition of economic events and other financial transactions involving revenue, expenses, assets, liabilities and equity as they occur and reporting in financial statements in the period to which they relate, rather than when a flow of cash occurs.
Administered items	Assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses an entity administers, without discretion, on behalf of the government.
Agency/entity	Used generically to refer to the various organisational units within government that deliver services or otherwise service government objectives. The term can include departments, commercialised business units, statutory bodies or other organisations established by Executive decision.
Appropriation	Funds issued by the Treasurer, under Parliamentary authority, to departments during a financial year for: delivery of agreed services administered items adjustment of the government's equity in agencies, including acquiring of capital.
Balance sheet	A financial statement that reports the assets, liabilities and equity of an entity as at a particular date.
Capital	A term used to refer to an entity's stock of assets and the capital grants it makes to other agencies. Assets include property, plant and equipment, intangible items and inventories that an entity owns/controls and uses in the delivery of services.
Cash flow statement	A financial statement reporting the cash inflows and outflows for an entity's operating, investing and financing activities in a particular period.
Controlled Items	Assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses that are controlled by departments. These relate directly to the departmental operational objectives and arise at the discretion and direction of that department.
Depreciation	The periodic allocation of the cost of physical assets, representing the amount of the asset consumed during a specified time.
Equity	Equity is the residual interest in the assets of the entity after deduction of its liabilities. It usually comprises the entity's accumulated surpluses/losses, capital injections and any reserves.
Equity injection	An increase in the investment of the government in a public sector agency.
Financial statements	Collective description of the income statement, the balance sheet and the cash flow statement for an entity's controlled and administered activities.
Income statement	A financial statement highlighting the accounting surplus or deficit of an entity. It provides an indication of whether the entity has sufficient revenue to meet expenses in the current year, including non-cash costs such as depreciation.
Outcomes	Whole-of-government outcomes are intended to cover all dimensions of community wellbeing. They express the current needs and future aspirations of communities, within a social, economic and environment context.
Own-source revenue	Revenue that is generated by an agency, generally through the sale of goods and services, but it may also include some Commonwealth funding.
Priorities	Key policy areas that will be the focus of government activity.
Services	The actions or activities (including policy development) of an agency which contribute to the achievement of the agency's objectives.
Service area	Related services grouped into a high level service area for communicating the broad types of services delivered by an agency.
Service standard	Define a level of performance that is expected to be achieved appropriate for the service area or service. Service standards are measures of efficiency or effectiveness.



Queensland Budget 2022–23

Service Delivery Statements

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